

### 3.7 Product-to-Sum & Sum-to-Product Formulas <sup>MWF</sup>

#### • Product-to-Sum Identities

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

#### • Sum-to-Product Formulas

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

These formulas are also found in the  
List of Trig. Formulas in Handout.

EX: Write the  $\sin(2x) \cos(3x)$  as a sum/diff.

$$\text{Let } \alpha = 2x, \beta = 3x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Then, } \sin \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(5x) + \sin(-x)] = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(5x) - \sin x] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sin(5x) - \frac{1}{2} \sin x \end{aligned}$$

EX: Express the given sum as a product of sines and/or cosines.

$$\cos(2\theta) + \cos(8\theta); \text{ let } \alpha = 2\theta, \beta = 8\theta$$

$$\text{Then, } \cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2 \cos(5\theta) \cos(-3\theta)$$

$$= \underbrace{2 \cos(5\theta) \cos(3\theta)}_{\text{(even)}}$$

EX: Find the exact value for  $\sin 165^\circ \cos 75^\circ$ .

$$\text{Let } \alpha = 165^\circ, \beta = 75^\circ$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\sin 240^\circ + \sin 90^\circ] = \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + 1\right]$$

EX: Find exact value for  $\cos 195^\circ + \cos 105^\circ$ .

$$\text{Let } \alpha = 195^\circ, \beta = 105^\circ$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2 \cos 150^\circ \cos 45^\circ$$

$$= \cancel{2} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cancel{2}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$\underbrace{\cos 195^\circ + \cos 105^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}}$$

EX: Establish  $\sin(5\theta) - \sin(3\theta) = 2\sin\theta \cos(4\theta)$ .

Start with left side: let  $\alpha = 5\theta$ ,  $\beta = 3\theta$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin\alpha - \sin\beta &= 2\sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \\ &= \underline{2\sin\theta \cos(4\theta)} \quad (\text{RS})\end{aligned}$$

END CH. 3!